

# LEARNING PACKAGE





## The Very Hungry Caterpillar





## **Language Development**

#### RHYMING WORDS

Topic: Rhyming Words

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

- 1. explain what is a rhyming word.
- 2. distinguish rhyming words from other words.

#### Content

Rhyming words are two or more words that have the same sound or similar ending sounds.



#### NUSERY RHYMES

Topic: The Very Hungry Caterpillar

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

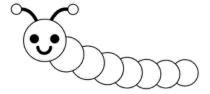
- 1. recite the nursery rhyme.
- 2. identify rhyming words in the rhyme.

#### Content

A nursery rhyme is a short rhyming song or poem that conveys a lesson or tells an amusing story. Some nursery rhymes have rhyming words at the end of the sentences.

#### **The Very Hungry Caterpillar Rhyme**

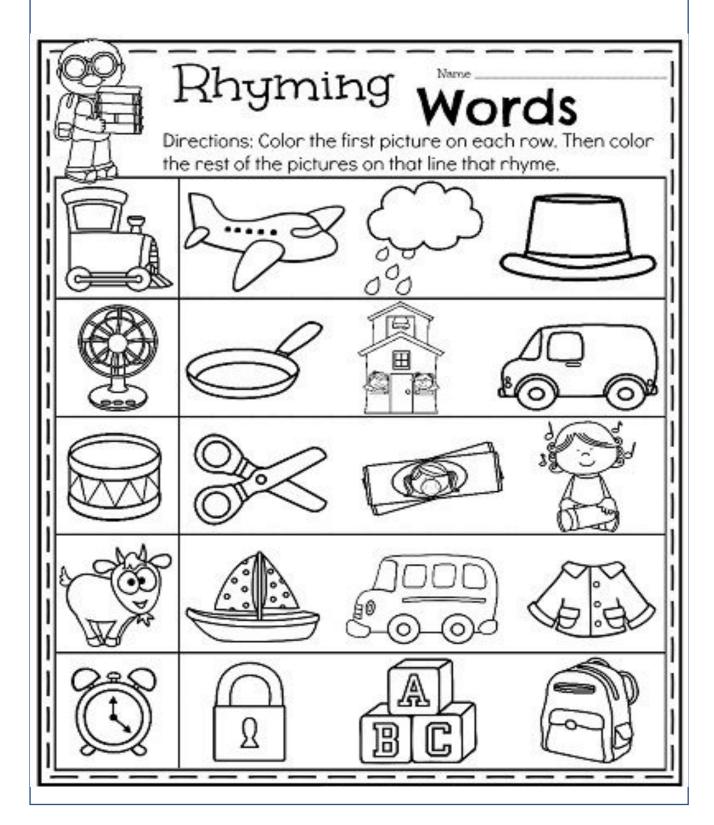
The fuzzy caterpillar
Curled up on a leaf
Spun her little chrysalis
Then fell fast asleep
While she was sleeping
She dreamt that she could fly.
And letter when she woke up
She was a butterfly!



#### **Rhyming Words**

Instructions: Complete the worksheet below.







#### The Very Hungry Caterpillar

Instructions: Scan the QR Code below or use the link to listen to "The Very Hungry Caterpillar" rhyme. Once completed, identify rhyming words in the rhyme, draw a picture of the words and write their names.



https://youtu.be/Yp\_cTuA5JNY

## Content Notes

## **Cognitive Development-Math**

#### **LEFT AND RIGHT**

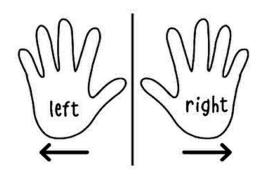
Topic: Left and Right

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

- 1. identify your left and right hand.
- 2. use positional words left/ right.

#### Content

Positional words are words and phrases that describe the position of people or objects. Left relates to or is on the side of the body in which the heart is located. Right is the opposite side of the body away from the heart.



#### **NUMBERS**

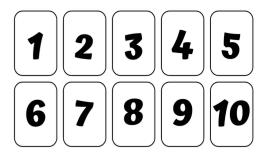
**Topic: Sequencing Numbers** 

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

- 1. count numbers 1-10.
- 2. sequence numbers 1-10.
- 3. predict what number will come next.

#### Content

Number sequencing is arranging numbers in a certain order or pattern. When sequencing numbers, the pattern will tell whether to use a higher or lower number and whether the number comes before or after.



#### **MEASUREMENT**

**Topic: Measuring Objects** 

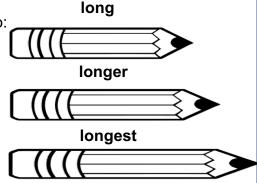
Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

1. identify the terms long, longer, longest.

2. compare lengths.

#### Content

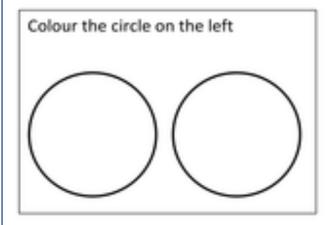
Measurement is the action of measuring something. It tells us the size, length or amount. Long, longer and longest tells us the length of an object.

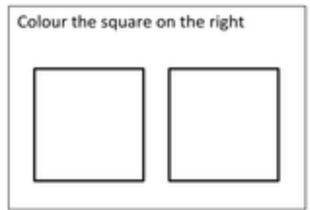




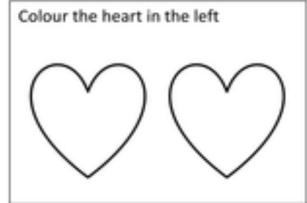
## **Left And Right**

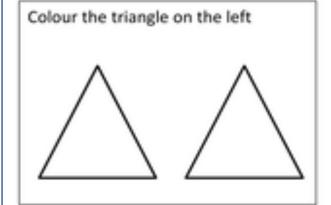
Instructions: Complete the worksheet below.

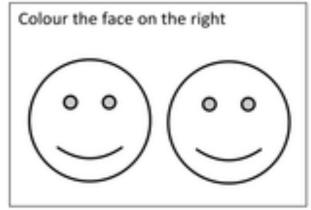








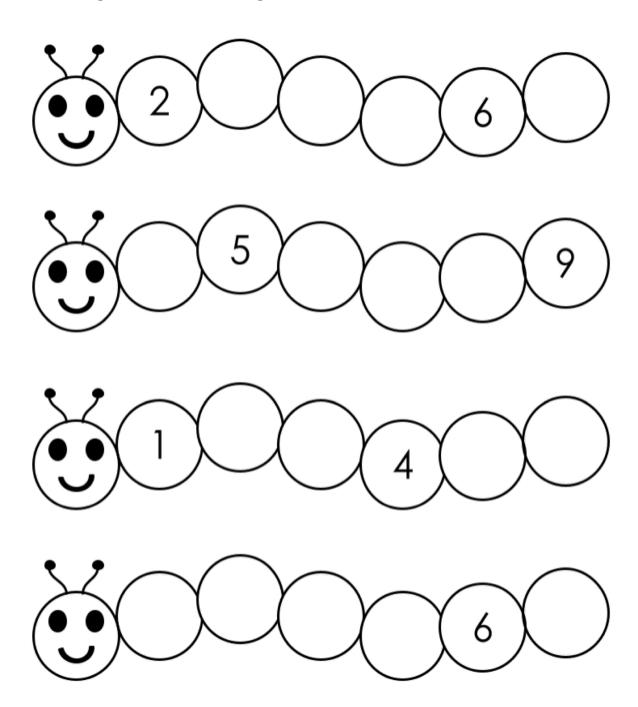






## **Sequencing Numbers**

**Instructions:** Complete the caterpillars below by writing in the missing numbers.





## Long, Longer, Longest

**Instructions:** In the top box, draw a **long** caterpillar. In the middle box, draw a caterpillar that is **longer**. In the bottom box, draw the **longest** caterpillar.

long		
3		
longer		
longest		



### **Cognitive Development- Science**

#### LIFECYCLE OF THE BUTTERFLY

Topic: Stages Of A Butterfly

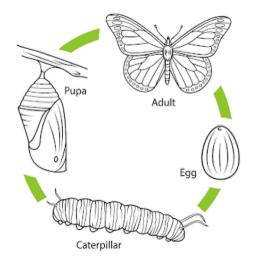
Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

1. identify stages of a butterfly.

2. create a butterfly life cycle chart.

#### Content

There are four stages in the life cycle of butterflies and moths. They are: egg, larva, pupa, and adult.



- 1. Egg: Eggs are laid on plants by the adult female butterfly and hatch into tiny larvae or caterpillars.
- 2. Caterpillar (Larva): Caterpillars feed on leaves (feeding stage) and hang up-side down to form pupa.
- 3. Pupa: Undergoes complete metamorphosis to transform into a butterfly (transition stage).
- 3. Adult Butterfly: Lays eggs (reproductive stage).



## Lifecycle of a Butterfly

**Instructions:** Create a butterfly life cycle chart and label the four stages of a butterfly.

## The Very Hungry Catterpillar





### **Language Development**

#### **MAKING A LIST**

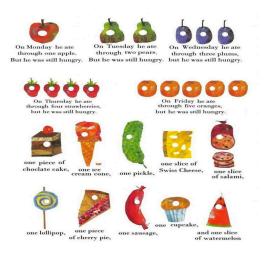
Topic: Creating And Writing A List

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

- 1. create a list of food eaten by the caterpillar.
- 2. write a list of your favorite foods.

#### Content

The very hungry caterpillar ate many different things in the story. They are: apples, pears, plums, oranges, strawberries, chocolate cake, ice cream, a pickle, swiss cheese, salami, a lollipop, cherry pie, sausage, a cupcake, watermelon, and some leaves.



We have favorite foods we like to eat such as fruits, snacks, popcorn, sandwiches, chicken, etc. A list is a set of items written vertically or horizontally separated by commas.

#### SIGHT WORDS

**Topic: Colour Words** 

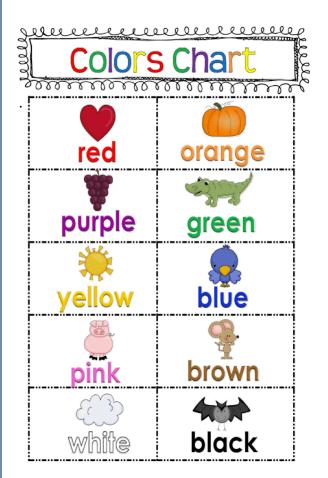
Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

will be able to:

- 1. identify colour words.
- 2. match the colour and the word.

#### Content

Colours have names that are written as words. They are: red, blue, yellow, green, orange, purple, white, black, and brown.



#### Making A List



**Instructions:** Scan the QR Code below or use the link to listen to the story "The Very Hungry Caterpillar" story.



https://youtu.be/sqpWHU778\_Y

Then create a list of all the foods the caterpillar ate and draw a picture of them. Finally, create a list of your favorite foods and draw a picture of them.



#### **Colour Words**

**Instructions:** Complete the worksheet below.

Sight Words	Name:	
read:	troce:	write:
red	red	
blue	blue _	133
green	green	
yellow	yellow _	- 11
black	black _	
brown	brown _	
gray	gray _	
orange	orange _	
white	white _	

## **Cognitive Development-Math**



#### SETS

Topic: Joining sets

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

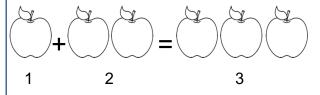
- 1. solve number problems.
- 2. create a simple story sentence on joining sets.

#### Content

A joining story problem is a problem in which you start with one number or quantity of objects, add some more, and end up with a larger quantity.

#### For Example:

The caterpillar has one apple and Chloe gives him two more. How many apples does he have altogether?



#### **SETS**

Topic: Separating Sets

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

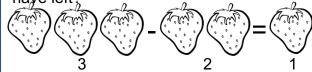
- 1. solve number problems.
- 2. create a simple story sentence on separating sets.

#### Content

A separating story problem is a problem in which you start with one number or quantity of objects, take some away, and end up with a smaller quantity.

#### For Example:

The caterpillar had three strawberries and a bird came and ate two of them. How many strawberries does the caterpillar have left?



#### **CLASSIFICATION**

Topic: Classifying Objects

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

- 1. classify objects by two attributes.
- 2. name the set created.

#### Content

Classification is sorting or grouping items by similar characteristics, such as colors, shapes, or sizes. We create sets when we classify objects. For example:





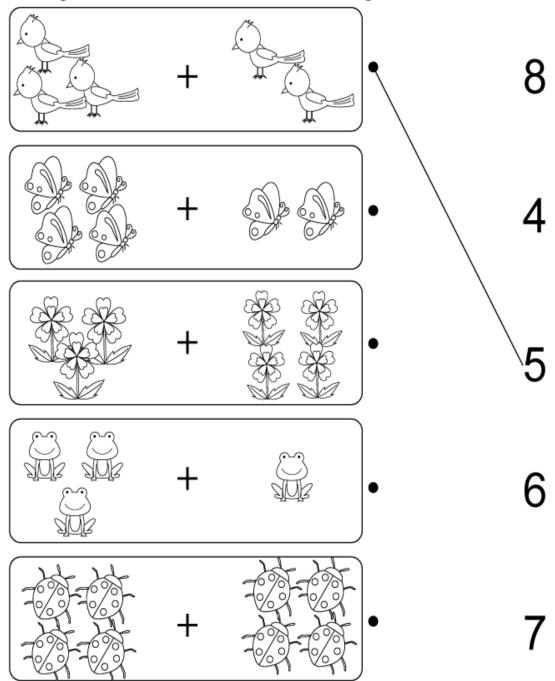




#### **Joining Sets**

**Instructions:** Complete the worksheet below.

Add the images. Draw a line between the total number of images in each box and the number on the right.

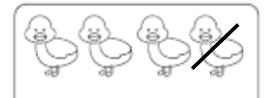




### **Separating Sets**

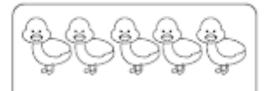
**Instructions:** Complete the worksheet below.

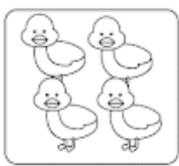
Draw a line to match the questions on the left with the correct number of images on the right.

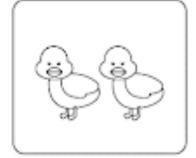


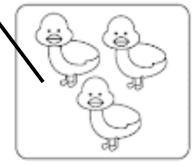


















#### LIFECYCLE OF A HUMAN

Topic: Human Life Cycle

Objectives: By the end of this lesson you will be able to:

1. discuss the lifecycle of humans.

2. sequence the stages of human development.

Content

All living things go through a life cycle of growth and development. Humans go through a lifecycle like the caterpillar in the story.

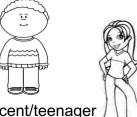
Stage 1 -embryo in mother's womb



Stage 2- Baby/infant



Stage 4- Child



Stage 5 - Adolescent/teenager





## **Human Lifecycle**

**Instructions:** Complete the worksheet below by sequencing the pictures to show the stages of the human life cycle. Then draw a picture at the bottom to show the stage that you are in.

